

One-Step Buccal Cell DNA Purification Kit

Large-scale genetic studies of the clinic and forensic sciences require efficient purification of sufficient quantities of inhibitors-free nucleic acids from collecting large amounts of different sample materials such as blood, saliva, buccal cell, etc. Among the samples, the buccal sample is often the preferred source since it is noninvasive to take and relatively easily collected. Moreover, samples can be ordered at home and mailed to the laboratory. Nevertheless, current DNA purification methods for the buccal cells suffer from one or more drawbacks, including low DNA yield, use of toxic organic solvents, time-consuming, laborious, or contamination with PCR inhibitors. To overcome these drawbacks, we developed a novel revolutionary one-step DNA purification system based on magnetic beads and negative chromatography, which combines DNA extraction with removing all the PCR inhibitors from the samples without performing DNA isolation and purification steps.

BcMagTM One-Step Buccal Cell DNA Purification Kit allows rapid and efficient purification of genomic DNA from buccal swabs or pelleted cells from a mouthwash. It uses novel negative selection chromatography magnetic beads to quickly capture and remove the impurities such as PCR inhibitors from cell lysate, leaving the DNA untouched. It reduces the risk of DNA loss and carryover of extraction buffers from the traditional tedious bind-wash-elute procedure. The purification kit provides a fast and straightforward DNA extraction method with only one tube, no liquid transfer, and no requirement for carrier RNA. After preparing the lysates, Hundreds of samples can be processed in less than 30 minutes without using expensive equipment.

Principle and Workflow (Fig.1 "Principle and Workflow")

The specially designed magnetic beads with our proprietary surface chemistry function capture the impurity once mixed with the sample. The magnetic beads-impurity complex is then magnetically removed by a magnet while the pure DNA remains in the solution.

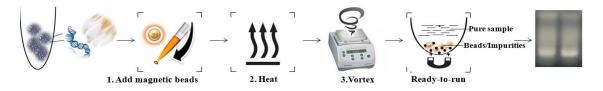


Fig.1 Principle and workflow of buccal cell DNA purification

- 1. Add functional magnetic beads to the sample.
- 2. Mix the samples with the magnetic beads and proteinase K to lyse the cells.
- 3. Mix by vertexing/pipetting for the beads to capture the PCR inhibitors.
- 4. Remove the beads with a magnet.
- 5. Aspirate the supernatant containing the pure ready-to-use DNA/RNA

Pertormance

The purified DNA is suitable for use in sensitive downstream applications, such as PCR, qPCR, single-nucleotide polymorphism (SNP), short tandem repeat (STR) genotyping, genotyping, or next-generation sequencing (NGS), buccal DNA sample collection, veterinary genotyping and diagnostics, research genotyping, Veterinary genotyping and diagnostics, genetic testing, forensics, population studies.

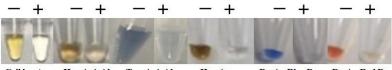
Features and Advantages:

- Rapid and efficient purification protocol: without prior DNA isolation for subsequent use in direct workflows, No liquid transfer, and One-tube.
- Ultrafast: Process 96 samples in less than an hour.
- · Highest nucleic acids recovery rates: Minimal loss of DNA during extraction
- Effectively removes inhibitors: polyphenolic compounds, humic/fulvic acids, acidic polysaccharides, tannins, melanin, heparin, detergents, denim dyes, divalent cations such as Ca²⁺, Mg²⁺, etc. (See picture "PCR inhibitor removal").
- Cost-effective: Eliminates columns, filters, laborious repeat pipetting, and organic reagents.
- High throughput: Compatible with many different automated liquid handling systems.

1



Magnetic Beads Make Things Simple



Cell lysate Humic Acid Tannic Acid Humin Denim Blue Dye Denim Red Dye Fig.2 PCR inhibitor removal

Handling and Storage: Store the kit components according to the table below on arrival.

Products

Components	Storage	50 preps, Cat # AG-101	100 preps, Cat # AG-102
BcMag [™] U-DNA Beads	4°C	2.5 ml	5.0 ml
10x Lysis Buffer (100mM Tris-HCl, PH 9.0)	4°C	0.6 ml	1.2 ml
Proteinase K	-20°C	12.5 mg	25 mg
DTT(1M)	-20°C	15.4 mg	30.8 mg
Proteinase K Suspension Buffer	4°C	1.0 ml	2.0 ml

PROTOCOL

The following protocol is an example. The protocol can be scaled up or down as needed.

Notes

- DNA Yield: Varies (depends on sample size and type)
- DNA Size: Varies (depends on the quality of starting material
- Since there is no concentration step in the protocol, the concentration of the nucleic acid depends on the quality and quantity of the sample used.
- Quantification of the nucleic acids: Use only fluorescence methods such as qPCR, Qubit, and Pico Green.
- OD260 methods such as Nanodrop and UV-spectrophotometry are not-suitable.
- For long-term storage, store the extracted nucleic acids at -20°C.

Materials Required by the User

Item	Source	
Magnetic Rack for centrifuge tube ** Based on sample volume, the user can choose one of the following magnetic Racks	 BcMagTM Rack-2 for holding two individual 1.5 ml centrifuge tubes (Bioclone, Cat. # MS-01) BcMagTM Rack-6 for holding six individual 1.5 ml centrifuge tubes (Bioclone, Cat. # MS-02) BcMagTM Rack-24 for holding twenty-four individual 1.5-2.0 ml centrifuge tubes (Bioclone, Cat. # MS-03) BcMagTM Rack-50 for holding one 50 ml centrifuge tube, one 15 ml centrifuge tube, and four individual 1.5 ml centrifuge tubes (Bioclone, Cat. # MS-04) 	
BcMag [™] 96-well Plate Magnetic Rack.	 BcMa[™] 96-well Plate Magnetic Rack (side-pull) compatible with 96- well PCR plate and 96-well microplate or other compatible Racks (Blioclone, Cat#: MS-06) 	
Adjustable Single and Multichannel pipettes		
Centrifuge with swinging bucket		
	equired if using 96-well PCR plates/tubes	
Vortex Mixer ** The user can also use other compatible vortex mixers. However, the Time and speed should be optimized, and the mixer should be: Orbit $\geq 1.5 \text{ mm-4 mm}$, Speed $\geq 2000 \text{ rpm}$		
Eppendorf TM MixMate TM	Eppendorf, Cat#:5353000529	
Tube Holder PCR 96	Eppendorf, Cat#: 022674005	
Tube Holder $1.5/2.0$ mL, for 24×1.5 mL or 2.0 mL	Eppendorf, Cat#: 022674048	
Smart Mixer, Multi Shaker	BenchTop Lab Systems, Cat#:5353000529	
1.5/2.0 mL centrifuge tube		
96-well PCR Plates or 8-Strip PCR Tubes		
PCR plates/tubes		



Magnetic Beads Make Things Simple

** *IMPORTANT*! If using other tubes or PCR plates, ensure that the well diameter at the bottom of the conical section of PCR Tubes or PCR plates has to be ≥ 2.5 mm.

A. Sample preparation

Handling Samples (Table1)

Follow these general guidelines when handling forensic samples:

- Cut the sample into small pieces where possible and appropriate to facilitate processing.
- Avoid overloading the sample tube to allow efficient mixing of Lysis Mix with the sample.
- When dealing with blood-stained items, take care to ensure that the amount of blood processed is kept to a minimum ($\leq 4 \mu l$ blood spot). Processing of larger, heavily blood-stained items may result in contamination of the purified DNA with heme.

Sample	Example sample input
Buccal swab	• Method 1: Cut a piece of the buccal swab (~6 mg).
	 Method 2: Place the swab in a suitable tube, add 300-400 µl ultrapure water to cover the swab, roll against the tube sides and press the swab against the side to squeeze as much of the liquid as possible. Aspirate 20µl for DNA/RNA purification.
mouthwash	 Add 500µl-1000µl mouthwash into a new 1.5 ml centrifuge tube. Centrifuge at 14,000 rpm for 5 minutes to pellet the cell. Aspirate all the liquids. Add 1 ml ultrapure water to the tube, Vortex, and centrifuge at 14,000 rpm for 5 minutes to pellet the cell.
	5. Remove all the liquids.6. Resuspend the cell pellet with 20µl ultrapure water.

B. Premix Beads solution Preparation

IMPORTANT!

- 1. Before pipetting, shake or Vortex the bottle to completely resuspend the Magnetic Beads.
- 2. Do not allow the magnetic beads to sit for more than 2 minutes before dispensing.
- 3. Proteinase K preparation: Provide protease K as lyophilized powder and dissolve at a 20 mg/ml concentration in Proteinase K Suspension Buffer. For example, 12.5 mg dissolved in 625 µl of Proteinase K Suspension Buffer. Divide the stock solution into small aliquots and store at -20°C. Each aliquot can be thawed and refrozen several times but should then be discarded.
- 4. DTT solution preparation: Provide DTT as powder and dissolve at a concentration of 1M in ultrapure water. For example, 15.4 mg dissolved in 100µl ultrapure water. It is stable for years at -20°C. Prepare in small aliquots, thaw it on ice, and use and discard. Store them in the dark (wrapped in aluminum foil) at -20°C. Do not autoclave DTT or solutions containing it. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.
- 5. Dilute DTT to a concentration of 10 mM from stock with ultrapure water and use it immediately. Discard unused DTT solution.
- 6. Prepare a fresh Master Mix following Table 2 for the number of samples to be processed, plus 10% more (e.g, if you have 10 samples, prepare Master Mix for 11). Add the following components to the reservoir.

Component	One well (100 µL reaction volume)
BcMag [™] U-DNA Beads	50 µL
10x Lysis Buffer	10 µL
Proteinase K (20mg/ml)	12.5 μL
DTT (10 mM)	3 μL
Sample	Х
ULTRAPURE WATER	Х
Total	100 μL

Table 2. Premix Beads solution

C. Isolation procedure

IMPORTANT!

- · Pipet up and down premix beads solution in a reagent reservoir until the solution is homogeneous before dispensing.
- Do not allow the magnetic beads to sit for more than 5 minutes before dispensing.)



Magnetic Beads Make Things Simple

- 1. Transfer 100μ l premix beads solution (Table 2) to the sample to a new well of 96well PCR plate or 0.2ml PCR tube and add the sample.
- 2. Mix the sample well by Vortex or pipetting.
- 3. Place the PCR plate/tube into a thermocycler and incubate at:
- a. 65°C for 15 minutes
- b. 80°C for 10 minutes
- 4. Remove the PCR plate/tube from the thermocycler and then mix the sample with beads by slowly pipetting up and down 20-25 times, or Vortex the sample at 2000 rpm for 5 minutes (see picture).



5.

- 6. Centrifuge at 3500 rpm for 5 minutes.
- 7. Place the sample plate/ tube on the magnetic separation plate for 30 seconds or until the solution is clear.
- 8. Transfer the supernatant to a clean plate /tube while the sample plate remains on the magnetic separation plate. The sample is ready for downstream applications. Using 1-5 ul in a 25µl RT-PCR or qPCR.

E. Troubleshooting

Problem	Probable cause	Suggestion
Low DNA/RNA Recovery	Poor starting sample material.	Use better quality of the sample.Add more samples
Ct value delays	Too many PCR inhibitors in the sample.	1. Add 25-50 µL BcMag [™] U-DNA Beads to the extract solution and mix by slowly pipetting up and down 20-25 times, or Vortex the sample at 2000 rpm for 5 minutes. Place the sample plate/ tube on the magnetic separation plate for 30 seconds or until the solution is clear.
		2. Transfer the supernatant to a clean plate /tube while the sample plate remains on the magnetic separation plate. Using 1-5 ul in a 25µl RT-PCR or qPCR. The sample is ready for downstream applications.
	Recovery DNA is so low.	Use better quality of the sample.Add more samples.

Related products

Products and Catalog Number				
Genomic DNA and RNA Purification				
One-Step Mammalian Cell DNA Purification Kit, Cat. No. AA101	One-Step Saliva Viral RNA-DNA Purification Kit, Cat. No. AR101			
Cell-Free DNA Purification Kit, Cat. No AC101	Bone-Teeth DNA Purification Kit, Cat. No. AB101			
One-Step FFPE & FNA DNA purification Kit, Cat. No. AJ-101	Rootless Hair DNA Purification Kit, Cat. No. AD101			
One-Step Bacteria DNA Purification Kit, Cat. No. AE101	One-Step Buccal Cell DNA Purification Kit, Cat. No. AG101			
One-Step Blood DNA Purification Kit, Cat. No. AF101	One-Step Touch DNA Purification Kit, Cat. No. AS101			
One-Step Fungi & Yeast DNA Purification Kit, Cat. No. AL101	Sexual Assault Casework DNA Purification Kit, Cat. No. AT101			
One-Step Insect DNA Purification Kit, Cat. No. AM101	One-Step Fingerprint DNA Purification Kit, Cat. No. AZ101			
One-Step Mouse Tail DNA Purification Kit, Cat. No. AN101	One-Step Dandruff DNA Purification Kit, Cat. No. AAA101			
One-Step Plant DNA Purification Kit, Cat. No. AQ101	Quick mRNA Purification Kit, Cat. No. MMS101			
DNA & RNA Sample Preparation				
One-Step NGS Cleanup Kit, Cat. No. AO101	One-Step DNA-RNA Removal Kit, Cat. No. CA103			
One-Step RNA Removal Kit, Cat. No. AU101	One-Step DNA/RNA Cleanup Kit, Cat. No. AH101			
One-Step PCR Cleanup Kit, Cat. No. AP101	One-Step Sequencing Cleanup Kit, Cat. No. AI101			
Quick Oligo-DNA Conjugation Kit, Cat. No. CA101	One-Step Fluorescent Labeling Cleanup Kit, Cat. No. AK101			
One-Step DNA-RNA Removal Kit, Cat. No. AV101	One-Step Single-Stranded DNA Removal Kit, Cat. No. AW101			
One-Step PCR Inhibitor Removal Kit, Cat. No. AX101	Pure Miniprep Plasmid DNA Purification Kit, Cat. No. AY101			

4